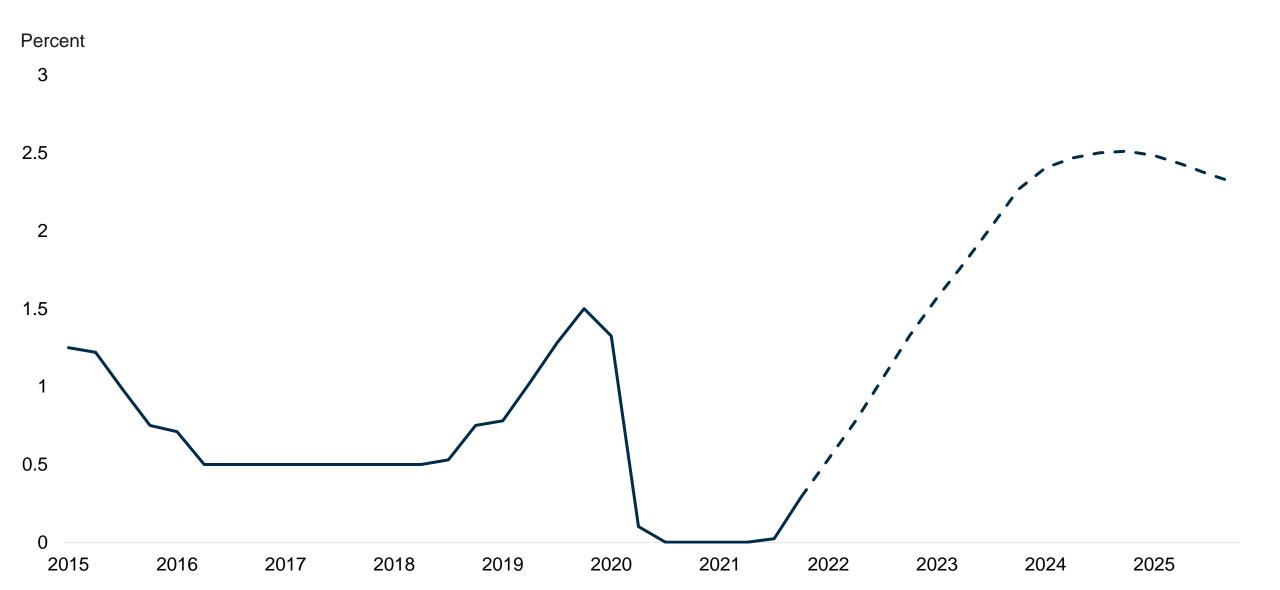


## **Economic perspectives**

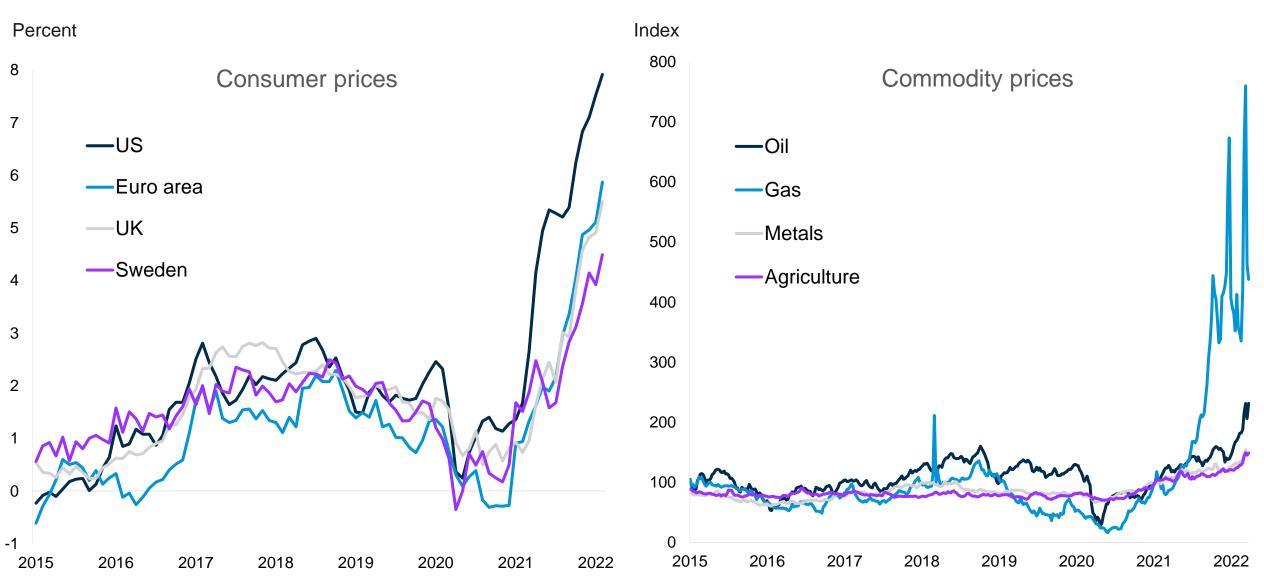
Governor Ida Wolden Bache Oslo, 31 March 2022

#### Higher interest rates



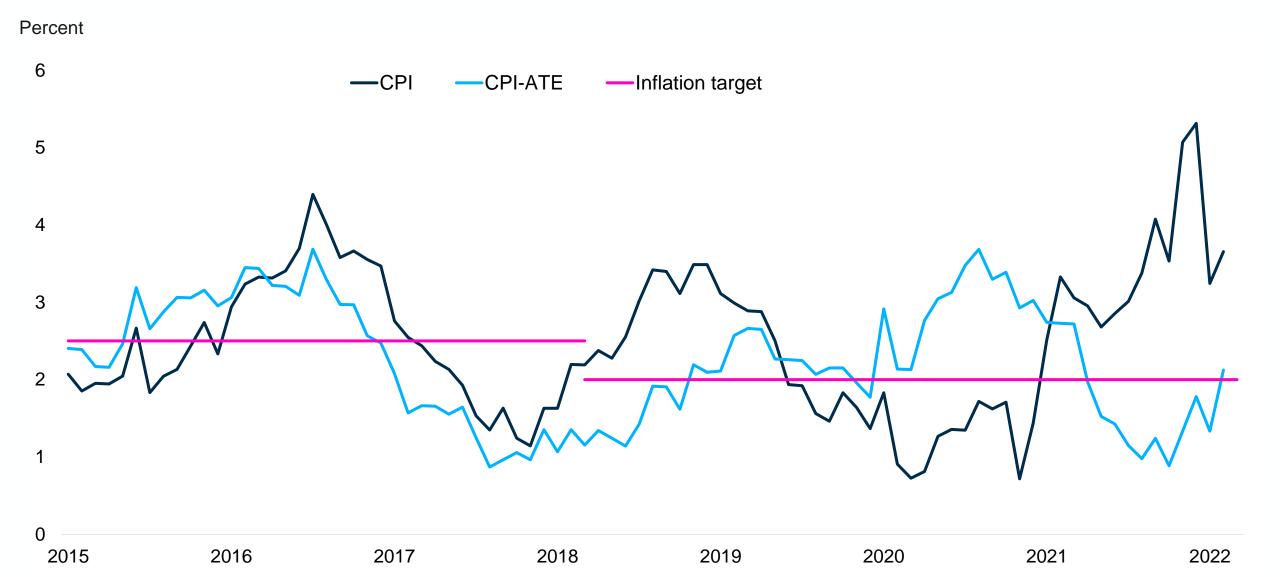
Source: Norges Bank

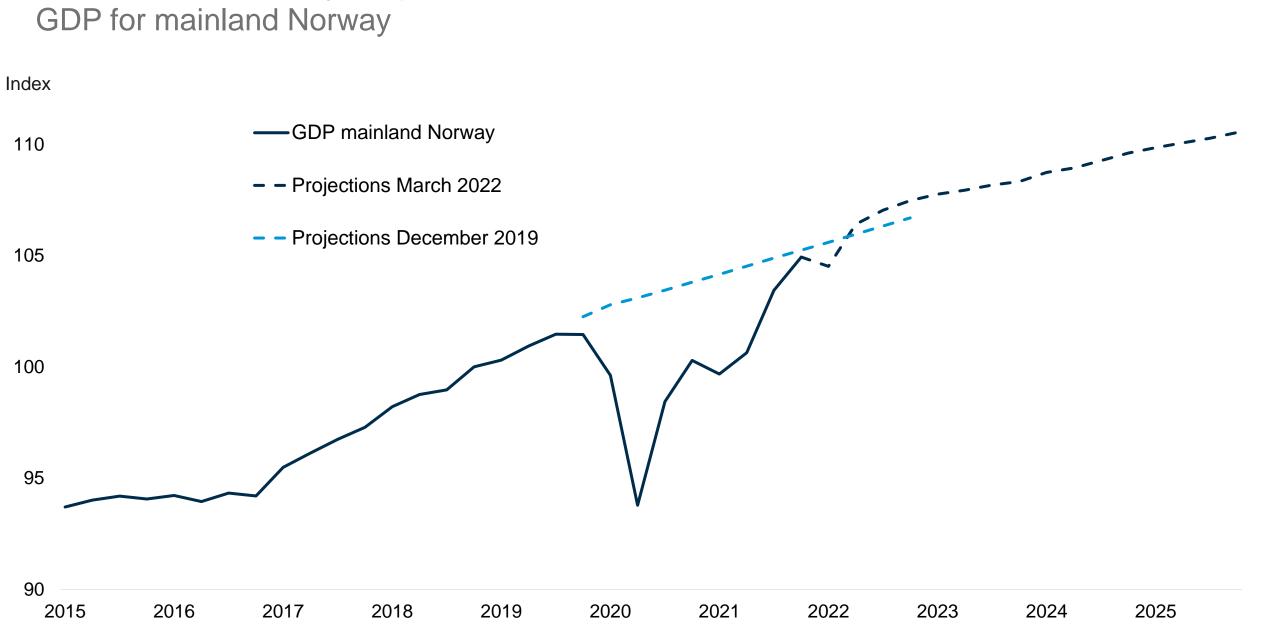
# High inflation in many countries and higher commodity prices



#### Norway: Rise in inflation

Consumer prices. Twelve-month change





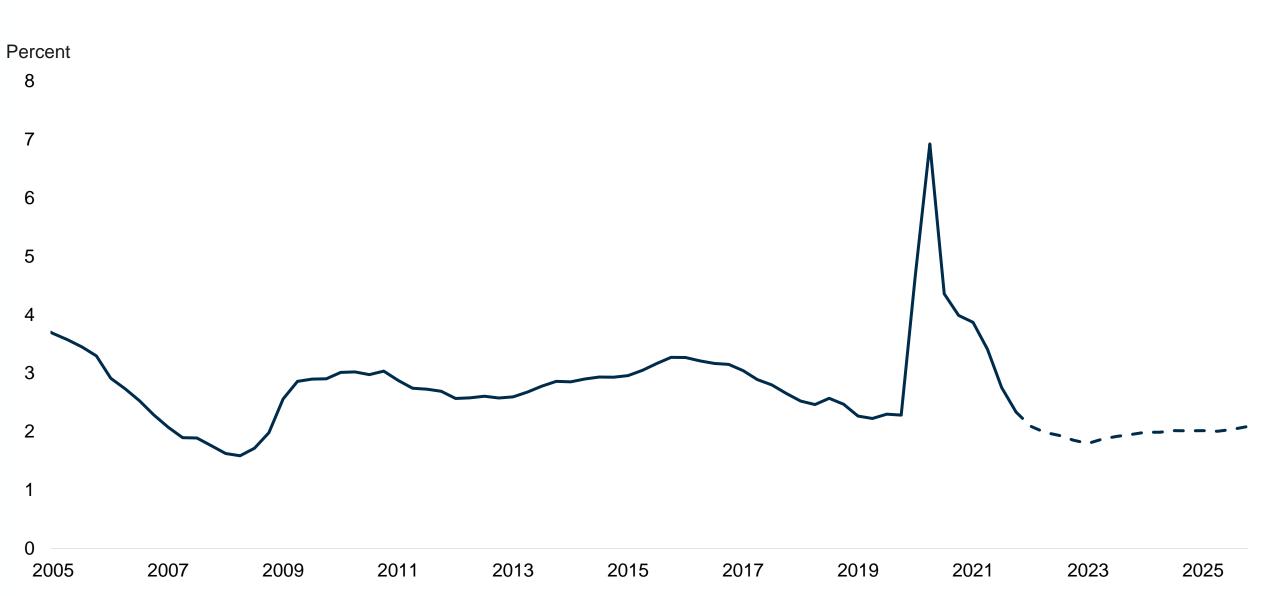
#### Economic activity expected to rise

Sources: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank

#### Low unemployment

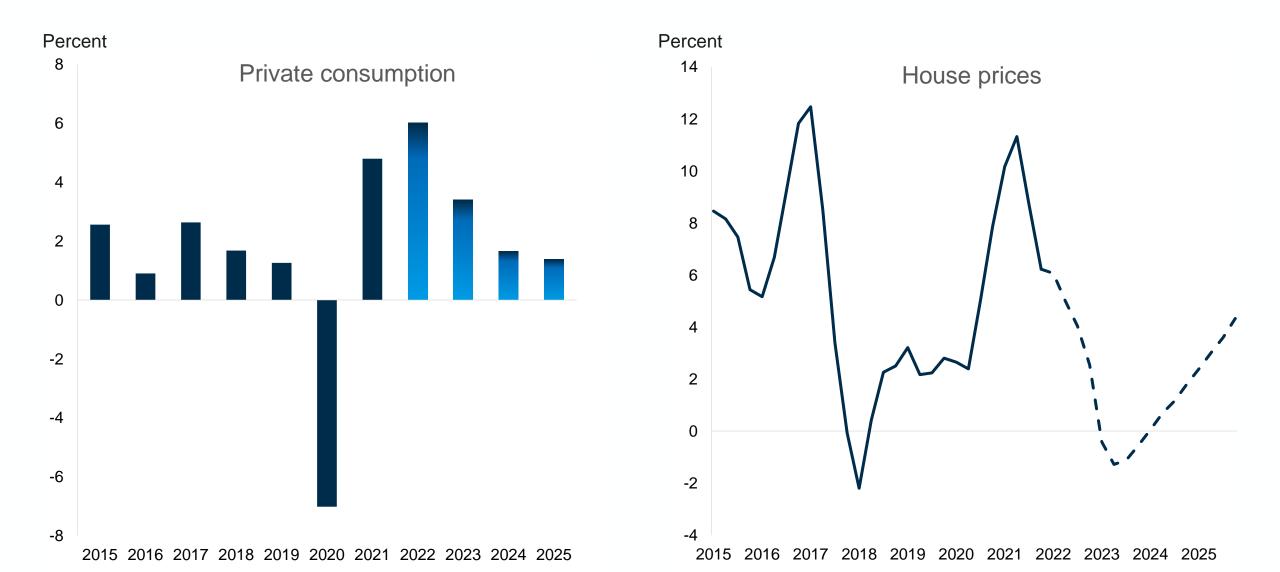
Registered unemployment as a share of the labour force

Sources: Norwegian Labour and Welfare Administration (NAV) and Norges Bank



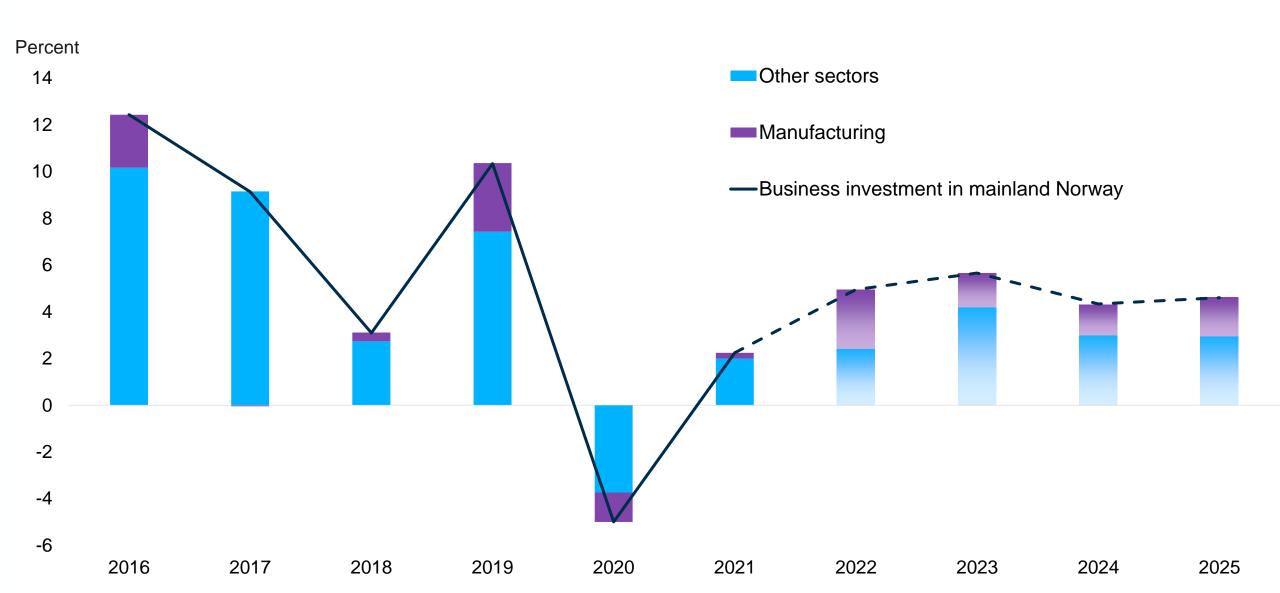
#### Strong consumption growth, but moderate house price inflation

Sources: Eiendomsverdi, Finn.no, Real Estate Norway, Statistics Norway and Norges Bank



#### Business investment expected to grow

Sources: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank



#### Climate change and central banks

- Climate change is affecting the structure of the economy and macroeconomic developments
- Central banks have intensified their efforts to understand these effects
- We will incorporate the knowledge gained into our monetary policy and financial stability analysis



## Structural changes in the payment system

- Increased competition from new means of payments and new providers of financial services
- Norges Bank wants to be a driving force for change that enhances the efficiency and safety of the payment system
- Central bank digital currencies?

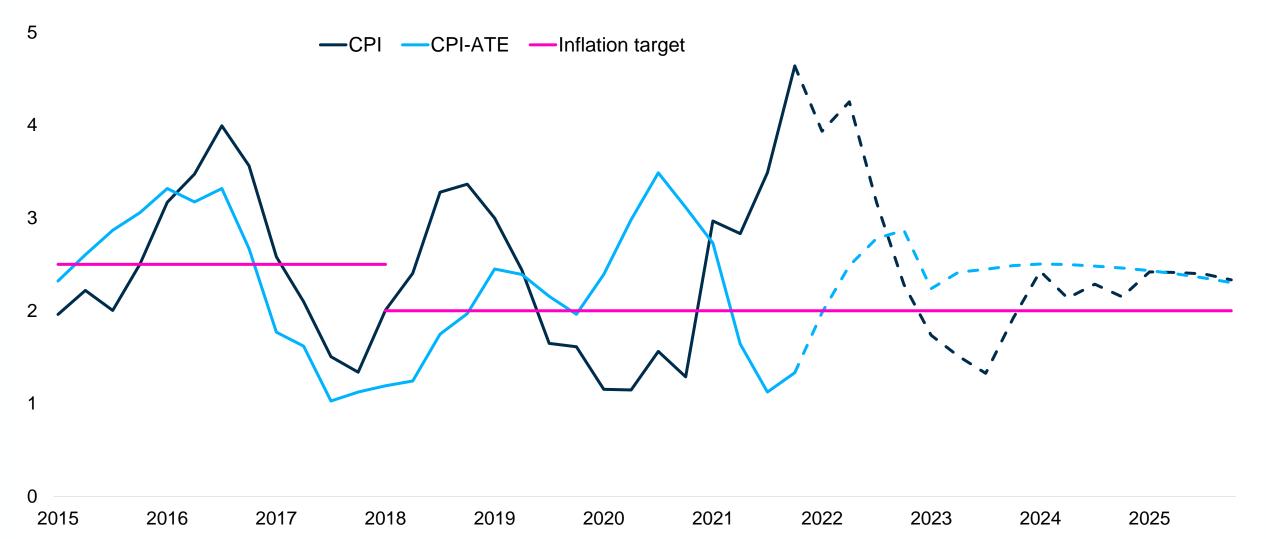


#### Inflation to move close to target

Sources: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank

Consumer prices. Twelve-month change

Percent





## **Economic perspectives**

Governor Ida Wolden Bache Oslo, 31 March 2022